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NSC BRIEFING 16 April 1957

## YUGOSLAVIA'S ORIENTATION

- I. The gulf between Belgrade and Moscow is continuing to widen.
  - A. In recent weeks, propaganda charges by each side in the dispute have grown sharper, but the dirty name-calling of the Stalin era ("fascist dogs," etc.) has not yet returned.
    - 1. Bulganin (27 March) flatly accused Tito of outright aid to the "imperialist-inspired" Mungarian "counter-revolution", stating that "it was not by accident" that "the group of traitors of Imre Nagy" found "asylum at the Yugoslav embassy" when the "counter-revolution" was crushed.

      Yugoslavs, in rebuttal, have consistently blamed the inevitable "revolution" of the Hungarian masses on incorrect Soviet policies. Latest example: Borba 5 Apr. painstaking review of Soviet masterminding in Hungary.
  - B. Pressure on Tito from all countries of the Soviet Bloc is not yet consistent.
    - 1. Communist China still appears hopeful of moderating the dispute: Chou En-lai is reported planning a visit to Belgrade this June.
- II. Besides propaganda, concrete Sov pressures on Tito include postponement at end of Feb of previously-agreed economic arrangements:
  Yugos, since early Mar, have told us that the Sovs are trying
  to make Yugo economy "collapse".

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- A. Moscow's ostensible reason for 2 Mar "postponement" of a \$175 million Soviet-East German credit (to help develop Yugoslav aluminum) -- shifts in Sov internal investment program made it necessary.
- B. Khrushchev, on 14 March, gave public blessing to freeze:

  "The Soviet people are ready to share their last crumb of bread with other Socialist countries, but we are going to share it with those who treat us fraternally."
- C. The previously-agreed sale of a Soviet nuclear reactor to the Yugoslavs is also stalled.
- D. Although regular Yugoslav trade with Bloc countries continues at about the '56 level (some 25% of the total), the Yugoslavs on 8 Apr reiterated pessimism over its continuation.
- E. Yugoslavs also claiming injury from Soviet pressures abroad—example: Yugo Vice Pres. Tempo on 7 Apr said Moscow is using every possible method to undercut Yugoslav political, economic position in Middle East.
- F. Yugoslav officials now appear quite pessimistic about any possible moderation of the hostile Soviet attitude.
  - 1. Foreign Office spokesman told us 3 Apr: "it will be most difficult to live with the Russians" until a new generation, less "captivated by orthodox ideology", takes power in USSR.
  - 2. This is far cry from Yugoslav line in '56 that de-Stalinization was moving rapidly and was irreversible.

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- III. Both to avoid isolation and to ensure economic assistance,
  Yugoslavia is reacting to the Bloc's cold shoulder by becoming
  more moderate towards the West.
  - A. In past two months' propaganda, Yugoslav attacks on Western policy have been less frequent and less strong and have shown more scepticism about many Soviet foreign and internal policies.
  - B. On international issues, has been perceptible shift in Yugoslav position.
    - 1. On German question, for example, Belgrade's latest (Mar '57) view no longer emphasized necessity for East-West German negotiations.
  - C. Yugoslav V.P. Tempo on 4 Mar declared country must orient itself economically towards the West, and that US aid is the key factor in Yugoslavia's long-term economic development.
    - 1. Admitted he no longer trusted Soviet aid offers.
    - 2. Asked a long-term commitment of surplus US agricultural goods on a grant basis.
    - 3. Said Yugos looking to Western European nations for financing of aluminum, copper and power projects.
  - D. By end of Mar, Yugos had gone so far in reorientation as to tell French they interested in possible association with European Common Market.
  - E. Yugoslavs also hard at work developing closer bonds with neutrals (Tempo made April visit Egypt, Syria).
    - Also reviving approaches to Western Socialists (March) -visit to Belgians; April -- hosts to Nenni delegation;
      visit to Norwegians scheduled),